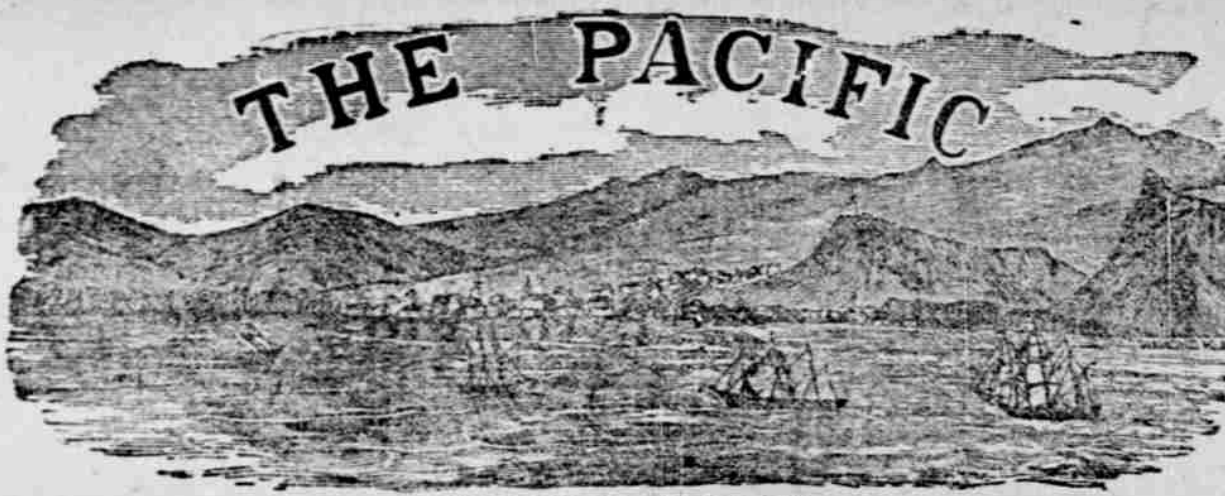


Commercial



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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, MARCH 4, 1902.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

WELCOMING THE PRINCE

Henry of Prussia
Guest of the
Nation.

ROYAL HONORS PAID TO VISITOR

Is Received by the President and
Dines at the White House.
Many Incidents.

NEW YORK, February 23.—Prince Henry reached New York today, and was cordially welcomed as a guest of the Nation.

When the guns of Fort Wadsworth sounded their first salute Prince Henry saluted by raising his cap and his hand played "The Star Spangled Banner." The salutes of the forts across the Narrows boomed and when these had been finished Admiral Evans went on board the Kronprinz and formally welcomed the Prince.

On the way up the bay the German standard was hoisted by the Kronprinz and the naval vessels saluted, the San Francisco, the Olympia, the Cincinnati and the Illinois lying in order. The Prince seemed to be familiar with the city and showed his acquaintance by calling attention to landmarks.

After he landed he was escorted to the Imperial yacht Hohenzollern, which will be his home in New York. There he received the representatives of the Army and Navy and the German officials, special representatives of the President and the city officials.

At luncheon the Prince entertained those of his callers who were of the Navy, and later in the day returned his official calls and made an inspection of the Illinois. He entertained a number of American officials at dinner and spent the evening at a reception at the Deutscher Verein Club house. From that point he started on his way to Washington.

WASHINGTON, February 24.—Prince Henry's visit to the Capital today was one full of interest. He was met at the depot by Secretary of State Hay, Secretary Long and others and escorted to the White House. There he exchanged greetings with the President and then was escorted to the German Embassy, where he received the President's return call. He left cards upon the various representatives of the foreign powers and received their calls.

Later in the day he visited the Library of Congress and the Senate and House. In the former he arrived while Bailey of Texas was in a debate over the exclusion from voting on the Philippine bill of Tillman, and the Prince sat beside Mr. Frye and seemed to enjoy the scene very much. He was enthusiastically applauded.

The ceremonies of the day concluded with the second royal state dinner that has ever been held in the White House. The first was that at which Albert Edward, now King of Great Britain, was the guest of honor. The great east room at the White House was converted into a dining hall, and prominent men in all branches of public service were invited to exchange greetings with the spokesman of the German Emperor and the bearer to this country of his own and his people's message of friendship and good will.

About midnight the Prince and party started on the return trip to New York to witness the launch of the Emperor's yacht Meteor III.

Miss Stone Is Free.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 28.—Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary who was captured in the district of Salonica, September 29th last, has been released. She arrived at Salonica at 2 o'clock this morning unharmed, and will proceed to Salonica as soon as she is able to travel. It is expected she will come here from Salonica, by sea.

Roosevelt Stands for Sampson.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The President issued a statement today in which he declined to take any action upon the appeal of Admiral Schley from the findings of the court martial. The President thinks the court did justice, and says that after careful inquiry he must hold that Sampson was in command of the fleet.

Hundreds of Strikers Killed.

BARCELONA, Feb. 28.—Rioting strikers today fought a fierce battle with police. The rioters engaged a battery at the Plaza at close range, and it is reported that 500 were killed and wounded. The rioting continues throughout Spain, and troops are being dispatched. Martial law may be proclaimed.

WHEN TRADE WINDS ARE HIGH



BEFORE VENTURING OUT AND AFTER.



HOLOCAUST IN A HOTEL

NEW YORK, February 22.—While the guests of the Park Avenue hotel, a building supposed to be fireproof, were watching the spectacular burning of the Seventy-first Regiment armory opposite, fire broke out in the hotel. Before the alarm could be given the flames ran up the elevator shafts, practically cutting off escape. The scenes were sickening. Some people jumped from high windows and were killed; others burned to death in their rooms. Among those who had narrow escapes were Rear Admiral Joseph N. Miller, retired. The dead number eighteen and the injured seventeen. Among the dead are Col. Alexander Piper, U. S. A., formerly in command of the Presidio; Norman Acton, a millionaire mine-owner of Colorado Springs; Col. C. L. Burdet of Hartford, Conn., who commanded a regiment in the Spanish war; Ex-Congressman Gaston A. Robbins of Alabama; Mrs. Salome Foster, a philanthropist known in New York as the "Tombs Angel."

CUBA TO HAVE RECIPROCITY

WASHINGTON, February 22.—The Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee, who have been considering the questions of concessions to Cuba at several meetings during the week, finally reached an agreement this afternoon which is considered a victory for those who have favored tariff concessions to that island. The action taken was the adoption of a resolution authorizing the President to negotiate a reciprocity treaty with the Cuban republic when established, embracing equivalent concessions, the tariff on Cuban products to be cut down 20 per cent and Cuba to enact our immigration laws.

By the terms of the resolution, the proposition agreed on by the Republican members of the committee will be submitted to a Republican caucus to be held next Tuesday.

To Take Cable Soundings

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—To take soundings in the Pacific Ocean from San Francisco to the Hawaiian Islands, thence to the Ladrone and from there to the Philippines for a projected cable to Manila, the Titus, a 120-ton sea-going government tug will leave New York within a few days.

Great Storm East.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—New York city has borne the brunt of the fiercest snowstorm that has struck this section of the country since the great blizzard of 1888. Beginning soon after midnight, the storm increased rapidly until by 3 o'clock the whole city was completely snowed under.

DEATH OF E. C. MACFARLANE WHILE ON HIS WEDDING TOUR



THE WIDOWED BRIDE OF E. C. MACFARLANE.

CHICAGO, February 16.—Edward Creamer Macfarlane died on his wedding tour at 2 o'clock this afternoon, at the Auditorium hotel, leaving a young wife of a week a widow at 22 years of age. The body will be taken to San Francisco tomorrow, and thence sent to the Hawaiian Islands to be buried.

Mrs. Macfarlane is inconsolable. Macfarlane had been a bachelor and was 49 years old. They were on their way to Europe to spend their honeymoon. They reached Chicago last Monday, and Macfarlane was taken sick that afternoon. He died of pneumonia. F. W. Macfarlane, a brother, is expected here Monday from San Francisco to take charge of the body and escort the widow home.

Mrs. Macfarlane goes back to a home crowded with wedding presents, which have not even been acknowledged.

George, he was the proprietor of the Hawaiian Hotel and had an extensive liquor business. For many years he had been known as one of Hawaii's wealthiest bachelors. His partner and brother is also a director of the Bank of Hawaii, while another brother, F. W. Macfarlane, is president of the Union Feed Company.

Only ten days ago Rev. Father Lyons united Mr. Macfarlane and Miss Florence Ballinger in marriage in San Francisco. The affair was a quiet home wedding, and the couple at once departed for Chicago on their bridal tour. The widowed bride was a popular young resident of the Mission, and is the daughter of Mrs. Robert Watson and a sister of Frank J. Ballinger, both of whom are well known here. Miss Ballinger's home was with her mother, at 3125 Twenty-third street. She met Macfarlane during an extended stay in Honolulu.

GEO. CARTER IS RETICENT

(Special to The Advertiser.)

SAN FRANCISCO, February 25.—George Carter arrived here from Honolulu on February 18, and left here on the morning of February 20. He was not interviewed by any reporters, although all the papers sent representatives, who made frantic endeavors to catch Carter. Carter was not to be seen, and refused to answer any questions or to reply to any written inquiries sent him. He was probably warned by the example of Sam Parker, who was quoted or misquoted all over the country as having said that Roosevelt had promised to make him Governor of Hawaii, and to oust Sanford B. Dole. I didn't see Carter, although I sent up my card as representative of The Advertiser. I thought perhaps he would talk to me, if anyone, as I know him well, and supposed he would want word of himself sent back to his friends in Hawaii.

But Carter had the frosty hand and glassy eye for all curious people. He stayed at the Occidental hotel, but was in that hostelry very little of his time while here.

CARTER WAS CHARY.

The Call reporter who sought to interview Carter, evidently had a hard time of it, for the Call published a story about Carter which was headed "His Haughtiness George Carter."

The fact is that Carter made a mistake in his treatment of the newspapers here. He should have at least seen reporters and been courteous to them. As it is the Associated Press and other reporters who claimed to have been discourteously treated by George, have sent statements East, which will not aid the cause of good government in Hawaii. Knowing Carter to be the soul of courtesy usually, I lay his mood while here to a sort of stage fright.

Hawaiian Fisheries.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Feb. 24.—Dr. Charles H. Gilbert, head of the department of zoology, is to leave San Francisco at the end of this week or the beginning of next on his long contemplated trip to Hawaii, where he will take charge of the United States Fish Commission work commenced last summer by President Jordan and Dr. O. P. Jenkins. His companions will be Prof. C. C. Nutting, head of the zoology department at the University of Iowa; John O. Snyder, instructor of zoology at Stanford; and Walter K. Fisher, a Stanford graduate with the class of 1901. The Fish Commission steamer Albatross is to be placed at the disposal of the party.

Bishop Nichols Coming.

Right Rev. William Ford Nichols, Bishop of the diocese of California, leaves about March 20th for the Hawaiian Islands on an important mission—the transfer of the Episcopal interests there from the jurisdiction of the Church of England to the California diocese of the Protestant Episcopal Church in America.—Chronicle.

Cardinal Ledochowski, prefect of the propaganda at Rome, is said to have resigned.

(Continued on Page 5.)

BLOOD IN THE SENATE

South Carolinans
Come to
Blows.

TILLMAN AND M'LAURIN FIGHT

Both Held in Contempt by the
Senate—The President's Dis-
pleasure is Shown.

WASHINGTON, February 22.—Washington's birthday was signalized in the United States Senate by a fist fight. The two Senators from South Carolina were the active participants in the affair. Tillman in the course of a speech upon the Philippine tariff bill made serious reflections upon the honor of his colleague, McLaurin. In brief, he charged that his vote in support of the ratification of the treaty of Paris had been cast through the exercise of improper influences.

McLaurin was not in the chamber at the time, being engaged in committee work, but he was sent for, and appeared just as Tillman concluded his speech. Pale as ashes, McLaurin rose to address the Senate, speaking to a question of personal privilege. He reviewed Tillman's charges briefly, and then denounced the statement made by his colleague as a "wilful, malicious and deliberate lie."

Scarcely had the words fallen from his lips when Tillman, sitting a few seats from him, with Teller of Colorado between them, sprang at him. McLaurin, who had half turned toward Tillman met him half way, and in an instant these two Senators having swept Teller aside, were engaged in a rough-and-tumble fight. McLaurin received a heavy blow on the forehead, while Tillman got a punch on the nose which brought blood.

Assistant Sergeant at Arms Layton sprang over desks to reach and separate the combatants and himself received several blows. He got between them finally, and by main strength wrenched them apart. Senators Warren of Wyoming and Scott of West Virginia, two of the most powerful men in the Senate, leaped to his assistance and, pinning the arms of the belligerent Senators, forced them into their seats. Intense excitement prevailed in the Senate and galleries, which were thronged with people, who had been attracted by the spirited debate. Everybody was on his feet. Not a word, however, was spoken. Senators stood about the chamber for the moment quite helpless and pale to the lips. Finally order was restored partially, and in the midst of intense excitement the Senate went into secret session.

For two hours it discussed the event behind closed doors. When the doors were opened it was made known that both of the South Carolina Senators by unanimous vote had been declared to be in contempt of the Senate. They were permitted by a vote of the Senate to make apologies to the Senate. Their statements were listened to by both the Senators and the people in the galleries with breathless interest. Senator Tillman left the Capitol when adjournment was taken for recess and did not return for the night session. Senator McLaurin was in the chamber about 1 o'clock, but left early. Neither Senator when seen at his home would make any statement.

The status of Senators Tillman and McLaurin is that they are still in contempt of the Senate and only by a vote of the Senate can either be recognized either to speak or to vote on any question whatever.

On account of the occurrence President Roosevelt had a friend send Senator Tillman and request that he withdraw his acceptance of the invitation to dine at the White House, on the occasion of the banquet to Prince Henry. Tillman refused to do so and the President sent a note withdrawing the invitation. Tillman had been invited as the ranking minority member of the Naval Affairs Committee and in his stead Senator Martin, of Va., was present.

Botha May Surrender.

NEW YORK, February 25.—It was freely stated in the lobby of the House of Commons Monday night, says a London dispatch to the Herald, that General Louis Botha, the chief Boer commander, had managed to get direct communication with Lord Milner, and had offered to surrender on certain conditions, the chief being that he shall not be banished from South Africa, and that the negotiations are proceeding.

Another Cut in Sugar.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—Another cut of one-eighth of a cent in the price of sugar was made by the local jobbers last Tuesday, and the end of the sugar war is not yet in sight, though the price seems to have reached the lowest scale in years.